2ο ΓΕΛ Αγ. Παρασκευής

Πρόγραμμα etwinning

Σχολικό έτος 2021-22 Υπεύθυνη καθηγήτρια: Δελλαπόρτα Θεοδώρα





○ Erasmus+

HOME

CONSUMERISM; MAN'S GREED RATHER THAN MAN'S NEED



The project is about consumerism habits and consumerism which means the acquisation of goods and services in ever increasing amount such as in fashion , food , electronics and other stuff and which at first developed as a way to improve the living conditions , secure food recources, creating job areas but now has destructive effects on nature ,human health , human relations and numerous social problems This project focuses on how consumerism and overconsumption affect our nature and our daily lives and how we can avoid or minimize overconsumption and have responsible, environmentally friendly and sustainable consumer habits The students will be able to have an opportunity to develop their communicative, collaborative , foreign language and ICT skills by using digital tools effectively in this project.

Consumerism; man's greed rather than man's need

 Σκοπός του προγράμματος ήταν να μελετήσουμε τις αρνητικές συνέπειες του υπερκαταναλωτισμού και να ευαισθητοποιηθούμε στην απόκτηση βιώσιμων καταναλωτικών συνηθειών.

Οι συμμετέχουσες χώρες:
 Ελλάδα, Τουρκία, Κροατία,
 Πολωνία, Ισπανία και
 Πορτογαλία.



Η συμμετοχή μας στο πρόγραμμα

Συμμετείχαν οι μαθητές/τριες:

- Δαλαμάγκας Παναγιώτης (A1),
- Λέφα Φλωρεντία (Α1),
- Τριανταφύλλου Αριστείδης (Α2)
- Μαρία Δανάη Οικονομίδη (B2)
- Γρηγοριάδη Εμμανουέλλα









the Children's Protection and Rights in the Digital World



Children have the right to get information from the internet, radia television, newspapers, books and other sources. Adults should make sure the information

they are getting is not harmful Governments

should encourage the media to share information from lots of different sources, in longuages

that all children can understand



ACCESS TO







Freedom of expession Freedom of thoughts

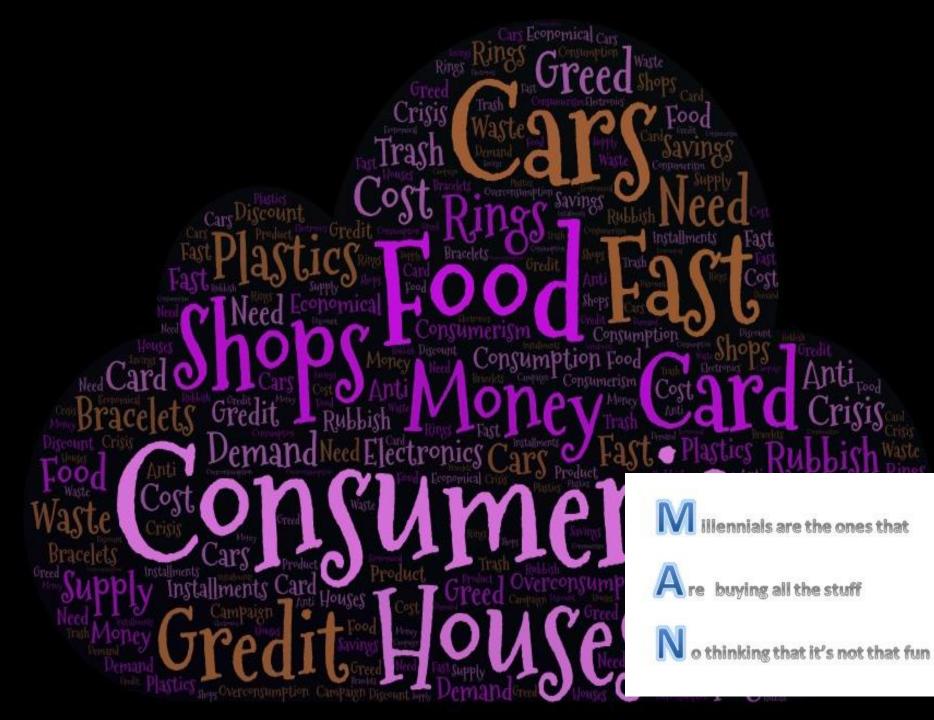
Freedom of assocciation



FREE VIDEO CREATED ON
POSTERMYWALL.COM

OF PRIVACY







Το logo της ομάδας



BUY NOTHING DAY

BUY NOTHING DAY

What is it?

Buy Nothing Day is an international day of protest against consumerism

What is the purpose of Buy Nothing Day?

 The main purpose is to raise awareness of the negative environmental, social and political consequences, by pledging to buy nothing for 24 hours

How it's celebrated?

The simplest way to celebrate is, of course, to avoid making any kind of unnecessary purchase. However, there are more ways to draw attention to overconsumption, while celebrating the Buy Nothing Day. Some of the most common activities are:

Credit card cut-up: Participants stand in a shopping mall, shopping center, or store with a pair of scissors and a poster that advertises help for people who want to put an end to mounting debt and extortionate interest rates with one simple cut. Namely, by destroying their credit card by cutting it with the scissors.

Free, non-commercial street parties

Sit-in

Zombie walk: Participant "zombies" wander around shopping malls or other consumer havens with a blank stare. When asked what they are doing, participants describe Buy Nothing Day.



BUY NOTHING DAY

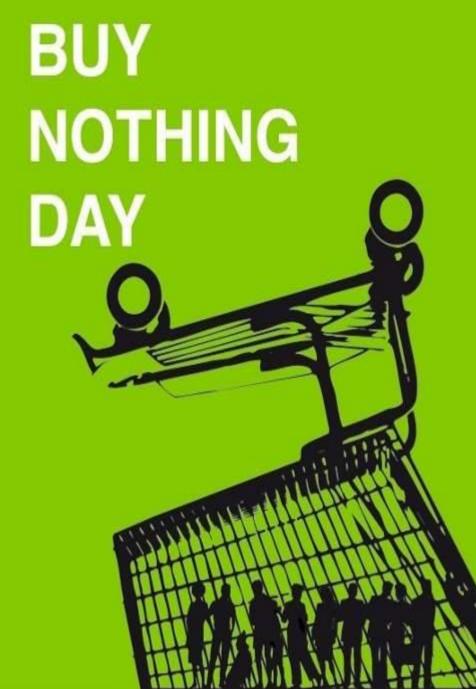
Pros:

- → Most consumers are able to save a lot of money on great deals
- → Retailers are able to make a good percentage of their yearly revenue during BFCM
- → It's great for the economy, because a high percentage of retail sales happen between Black Friday, Cyber Monday and Christmas

Cons:

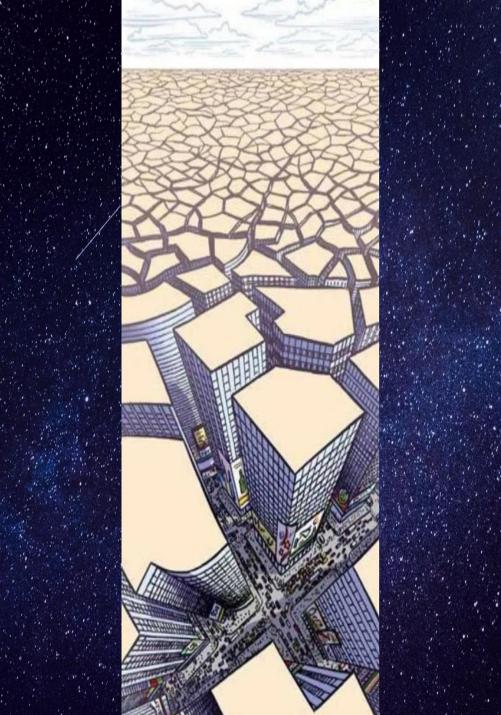
- → People tend to overspend during Black Friday-Cyber Monday and buy things they wouldn't otherwise
- → Some retailers that artificially heighten their prices in the weeks leading up to Black Friday-Cyber Monday
- → Some small businesses can't compete with large discounts offered by large chains





Το ημερολόγιο της χρονιάς



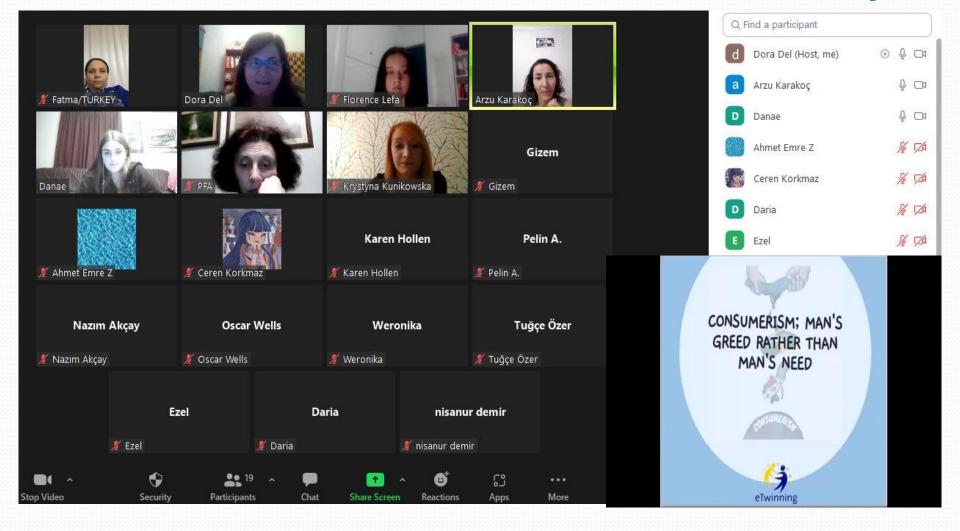


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GREED RATHER THAN
MAN'S NEED

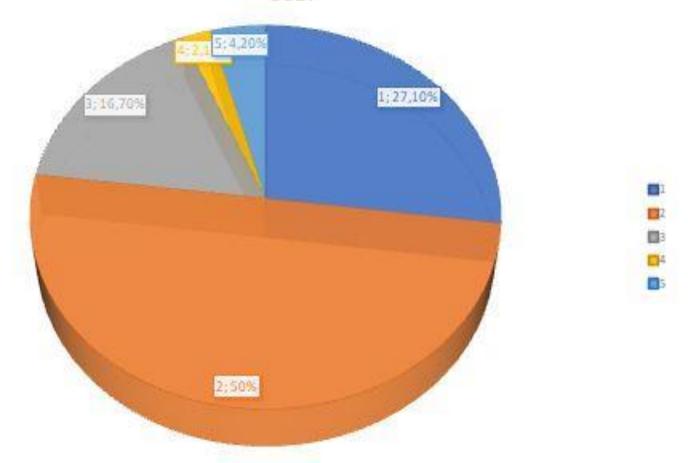


Webinar 21 – 02 - 2022 The effects of consumerism on the society





TO WHAT EXTENT DO YOU BUY PRODUCTS THAT YOU DO NOT USE?



Let's see a real example...

The fast fashion graveyard (BATimes): Atacama desert, Chile



- Accumulation of unused clothes
- It is estimated that 39000 tons of unsold items from Europe and the US arrive yearly to Chile
- 1/5 of the clothes produced are never sold
- The fast fashion industry causes many of the externalities previously mentioned.
 - o 20,4% water pollution
 - o 10% of the world's carbon emissions
 - use of polyester (fossil fuel derivative)





Thanks for your attention!